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"9. Any person, firm, or corporation owning, leasing, managing, or conducting any hotel or restaurant in violation of any of the provisions of this section or in violation of any rule or regulation of the State board of health shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$200; and any person, firm, or corporation conducting a hotel or restaurant in violation of any order of the State board of health, after such order shall have been served upon or directed to such person, firm, or corporation, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall forfeit \$5 for each and every day of such noncompliance with such order: *Provided*, That if any action to modify or set aside such order shall have been commenced pursuant to subsection 7 of this section, such forfeiture shall not be exacted or commence to run until after the lapse of a reasonable time after the termination of said proceeding.

"10. All fees paid to the State board of health as herein provided shall be paid into the general fund, and shall be credited to the appropriation account provided by law for the State board of health.

"11. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to affect the authority of the industrial commission relative to places of employment or the adoption and enforcement of rules relative to elevators, boilers, fire escapes, fire protection, or the construction of public buildings. The State board of health and the industrial commission may employ jointly experts, inspectors, or other assistants.

"SEC. 172-27. 4. All fees received by the State board of health under section 1408m-10 shall be paid into the general fund of the State treasury within one week of receipt, and all such deposits are appropriated for the State board of health to carry into effect the provisions of section 1408m-10."

Plumbers, Licensing and Supervision of, by State Board of Health. (Chap. 731, Act Aug. 2, 1913.)

SECTION 1. Sections 959-53, 959-54, 959-55, 959-56, 959-59, and 959-59m of the statutes are repealed.

Sec. 2. There are added to the statutes six new sections and a new subsection, to read:

"SEC. 959-53. 1. (a) A journeyman plumber is hereby defined to be any person other than a master plumber who, as his principal occupation, is engaged in the practical installation of plumbing.

"(b) A master plumber is hereby defined to be any person skilled in the planning, superintending, and the practical installation of plumbing, and familiar with the laws, rules, and regulations governing the same.

"(c) A plumbing contractor is hereby defined to be any person, firm, or corporation engaged in the business of installing plumbing in connection with the dealing in and selling of plumbing materials and supplies.

"2. In any city of this State, except cities of the fourth class having a population of 5,000 or less, no person shall engage in or work at the business of a master plumber or journeyman plumber, and no person, firm, or corporation shall engage in or work at the business of a plumbing contractor, unless licensed so to do by the State board of health in the manner herein provided.

"3. The State board of health is hereby authorized and empowered to grant and issue licenses and permits to master plumbers, journeyman plumbers, and plumbing contractors as hereinafter provided for.

"SEC. 959-54. Any person desiring to engage in or work at the business of a journeyman plumber or master plumber in this State shall apply to the State board of health for a license and be by said board examined as to his fitness

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for such work either as a journeyman plumber or as a master plumber as the case may be. Any person, firm, or corporation desiring to engage in or work at the business of a plumbing contractor in this State shall apply to the State board of health and be by said board first duly licensed to engage in such work. Every plumbing contractor shall be required at all times to have a licensed master plumber in charge of installing plumbing as a condition for the continuance of his or its license as such.

" SEC. 959-55. 1. The State board of health shall, within 60 days after the passage and publication of this act, appoint, and shall have power to remove, three plumbing examiners, of whom one shall be a master plumber, one shall be a journeyman plumber, and one shall be a member or an employee of the State board of health, to be known as the committee of examiners for the examining of journeyman and master plumbers as to their qualifications and fitness to be entitled to licenses to engage in the work of master plumbers and journeyman plumbers herein provided for. Such examiners shall be exempt from the provisions of sections 990-1 to 990-32 of the statutes. The State board of health shall have power and authority and it shall be its duty to prescribe, amend, and enforce rules and regulations for the examination and licensing of journeyman and master plumbers and the licensing of plumbing contractors consistent with this act.

" 2. Each member of said committee of examiners, except a regular employee or the secretary of the State board of health, shall receive a compensation of \$10 per day and expenses for each day in which such member is actually engaged in attendance upon the meetings of the committee, to be audited and paid out of the general fund of the State treasury and charged against the appropriation account of the State board of health to carry into effect the provisions of sections 959-53 to 959-58, inclusive, of the statutes.

" 3. The licenses of journeyman and master plumbers provided for in section 959-53 of the statutes shall be issued by the State board of health upon evidences, as shown by the examination, of the fitness of the applicant for the business or practice of a master plumber or a journeyman plumber as the case may be. Plumbing contractors shall be licensed without examination as to qualifications and fitness to engage in the practical installation of plumbing.

" 4. The State board of health shall have power to revoke any journeyman or master plumber's license if same was obtained through error or fraud, or if the recipient thereof is shown to be grossly incompetent, and for a second willful violation of any rules and regulations prescribed by the State board of health. The State board of health shall also have power to revoke any plumbing contractor's license if the owner thereof shall be guilty of a second willful violation of any rule or regulation prescribed by the State board of health: *Provided*, That before any license shall be revoked the holder thereof shall have notice in writing enumerating the charges, and at a specified date named therein, not less than five days after the service of such notice, be given a hearing by said board and have an opportunity to produce testimony in his behalf. The State board of health shall have power to appoint, by an order in writing, its secretary or any competent person to take testimony, who shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses, and the decision of the State board of health shall be based on its examination of all testimony and records. Any person whose license has been revoked may, after the expiration of one year from the date of such revocation, apply for a new license.

" SEC. 959-55a. 1. All persons at the time of the passage and publication of this act engaged in the plumbing business in this State, either as master plumbers or journeymen plumbers or plumbing contractors, shall be, respectively,

licensed as such by the State board of health without examination, upon the payment to the State board of health of the license fee hereinafter provided. No person who desires to engage in the business or practice of plumbing, either as a master plumber or a journeyman plumber, after the passage and publication of this act, shall be granted a license until he has passed a satisfactory examination. Before any applicant shall be permitted to take such examination he shall pay to the State board of health the examination fee as herein provided for.

" 2. The State board of health shall prescribe and shall have power to amend the rules and regulations governing plumbing, drainage, sewerage, and plumbing ventilation in connection with all buildings in this State, and may prescribe minimum standards, which shall be uniform throughout the State. This act shall not be construed to deny the right to any local governing body having jurisdiction to adopt and enforce additional rules and regulations relating to plumbing, drainage, sewerage, and plumbing ventilation not inconsistent with the provisions of this act or the rules and regulations prescribed by the State board of health. Nothing contained in sections 959-53 to 959-58, inclusive, of the statutes shall be construed to affect the authority of the industrial commission relative to places of employment or public buildings other than hotels, restaurants, rooming houses, and school buildings.

" 3. The State board of health is empowered to employ, promote, and remove plumbing inspectors and other assistants as needed, to fix their compensation and assign their duties. Such salaries, compensations, and expences shall be paid out of the general fund of the State treasury and charged against the appropriation account of the State board of health for carrying out the provisions of sections 959-53 to 959-58, inclusive, of the statutes.

" SEC. 959-55b. 1. All master plumbers engaged in business as such in the State, desiring to continue as such, are hereby required to procure a master plumber's license from the State board of health within 60 days after the passage and publication of this act, the fee for which license is hereby fixed at \$10; such license, unless sooner revoked, to expire on December 31, next after the issuance thereof; but no examination shall be required of such master plumbers making such application for license within the time hereby limited. Commencing January 1, 1914, and annually thereafter on January 1 of each year, a renewal fee of \$5 shall be paid to the State board of health for a renewal of such license by all master plumbers, theretofore licensed, continuing in business as such within this State.

" 2. All journeyman plumbers engaged in business as such in this State, desiring to continue in business as such are hereby required to procure a journeyman plumber's license from the State board of health within 60 days after the passage and publication of this act, the fee for which license is hereby fixed at \$2, such license, unless sooner revoked, to expire on December 31, next after the issuance thereof, but no examination shall be required of such journeyman plumbers making such application for license within the time hereby limited. Commencing January 1, 1914, and annually thereafter on January 1 of each year, a renewal fee of \$1 shall be paid to the State board of health for a renewal of such license by all journeyman plumbers, theretofore licensed, continuing in business as such within this State.

" 3. All plumbing contractors engaged in business as such in this State, desiring to continue as such, are hereby required to procure a plumbing contractor's license from the State board of health within 60 days after the passage and publication of this act, the fee for which license is hereby fixed at \$40, such license, unless sooner revoked, to expire on December 31, next after the issuance thereof. Commencing January 1, 1914, and annually thereafter

on January 1 of each year, a renewal fee of \$20 shall be paid to the State board of health for a renewal of such license by all plumbing contractors, theretofore licensed, continuing in business as such within this State.

" 4. All licenses issued during any year, unless sooner revoked, shall expire on December 31 of such year.

" 5. A master plumber's license shall entitle the owner thereof to all the rights and privileges of a journeyman plumber.

" 6. The fees for any person hereafter desiring to engage in the business of a journeyman plumber or a master plumber in this State, and not licensed within 60 days after the passage and publication of this act, shall be, respectively, \$2 and \$10, and the fee for any person, firm, or corporation hereafter desiring to engage in the business of a plumbing contractor in this State and not licensed within 60 days after the passage and publication of this act shall be \$40.

" 7. The State board of health may issue temporary permits to engage in the work of a master plumber or a journeyman plumber on payment of the fees prescribed in this act; such permits may be revoked by the State board of health at any time, and if on examination a license is granted, the fee paid for the permit shall run for the same period as though paid for a license. For the purpose of assisting in its work of issuing such temporary permits, the State board of health may appoint agents without compensation.

" 8. Any person working as an apprentice at the business or practice of plumbing, for a reasonable time, desiring to take an examination for a license as a journeyman plumber, may file his application for such examination with the State board of health herein provided, and, upon giving due notice of the filing of such application with said board, may be granted a permit by the State board of health to pursue said work in the capacity of journeyman plumber until such time as said examining board shall have an opportunity to examine him. No journeyman plumber shall engage in business as a master plumber without first having been granted a temporary permit, and may not continue in such business unless thereafter licensed as such by the State board of health as herein provided, the fee for which permit or license is hereby fixed at \$50; and shall thereafter expire and be renewed from year to year in the manner hereinafter provided.

" 9. The State board of health may license without examination, upon the payment of the required fee, applicants licensed under the laws of other States having requirements for licensing and regulating plumbing which are determined by the State board of health to be equivalent to the requirements of this State.

" SEC. 959-56. 1. Any person who shall engage in the work of a master or a journeyman plumber for compensation without a permit or a license as provided in sections 959-53 to 959-56, inclusive, of the statutes, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$10 nor exceeding \$50 or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 30 days for each and every violation thereof. Each day of such violation shall constitute a separate offense.

" 2. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of sections 959-53 to 959-56 of the statutes, inclusive, or shall do any act prohibited in sections 959-53 to 959-56, inclusive, or shall fail or refuse to perform any duty lawfully enjoined within the time prescribed by the State board of health, or shall fail, neglect, or refuse to obey any lawful order given or made by the State board of health, or any judgment or decree made by any court in connection with the provisions of sections 959-53 to 959-56, inclusive, for such violation

or refusal, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not more than three months or by a fine not exceeding \$100.

"SEC. 172-27. 2. All moneys received by the State board of health for the licensing of plumbers shall be paid within one week of their receipt into the general fund of the State treasury, and all such moneys are appropriated to the State board of health to carry into effect the provisions of sections 959-53 to 959-58, inclusive, of the statutes."

SEC. 3. Sections 959-57 and 959-58 of the statutes are amended to read:

"SEC. 959-57. In each city of the first, second, and third class having a system of waterworks or sewerage the board of public work, where such board exists, or the board of health of each such city shall, and cities of the fourth class may, appoint one or more inspectors of plumbing who shall be practical plumbers, and who shall hold office until removed by said board for cause. The compensation of such inspector or inspectors shall be determined by the board appointing them and be paid from the city treasury; they shall inspect all plumbing work in the city for which appointed, whether such work be new or consist of alterations or repairs, and shall report to said board all violations of any law, ordinance, or by-law relating to such work and perform such other appropriate duties as may be required.

"SEC. 959-58. Each city of the first, second, and third class having a system of waterworks or sewerage shall, and cities of the fourth class may, by ordinance or by-law, prescribe rules and regulations for the materials, construction, alteration, and inspection of all pipes, faucets, tanks, valves, and other fixtures by and through which supply or waste water or sewerage is used or carried, and provide that they shall not be placed in any building therein except in accordance with plans which shall be approved by the board of public works, where such board exists, or the board of health of such city, or such person or persons as either of said boards may designate; and shall further provide that no plumbing shall be done, except in case of repairing leaks, without a permit being first issued therefor upon such terms and conditions as such city shall prescribe: *Provided*, That no such ordinance, by-law, rule, or regulation prescribed by any such city shall be inconsistent with this act or any rule or regulation adopted or prescribed by the State board of health: *And provided further*, That no city shall be authorized to or require the licensing of journeymen or master plumbers or plumbing contractors, or prevent any such plumbers or plumbing contractors who are licensed under the provisions of this act from engaging in or working at the business for which they are respectively licensed in any place in this State."

SEC. 4. All acts or parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force 60 days from and after its passage and publication.

School Buildings—Condemnation of, When Insanitary or Unsafe. (Chap. 30, Act Mar. 28, 1913.)

SECTION 1. A new section is added to the statutes to read:

"SEC. 517. 1. The inspector of rural schools, the inspectors of State graded schools, and the inspector of high schools of the State, in addition to their other duties, are hereby made inspectors of public-school buildings. Said inspectors shall act under the direction of the State superintendent, and under such regulations as may be established by him.

"2. Whenever any county or district superintendent, city superintendent, member of a school board or board of education, or any voter of a school district,